# **Course Review**

### **Abhishek Halder**

ahalder@ucsc.edu

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Dept. of Applied Mathematics University of California, Santa Cruz

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### **Recap: control education and career**

What are the control and robotics courses in typical engineering undergrad and grad level

Prerequisite courses for these controls and robotics courses

Career opportunities: industry, national labs, academia

## **\*\*Revised\*\*** plan for the rest of this course

### **Today:** an overview of course topics

**Tomorrow:** no lecture, only presentations: 9-11 am

### Introduced the basic ideas in a control system

Open loop (feedforward) versus closed loop (feedback) control

Block diagrams: components (boxes) and channels (arrows)

Examples: identify boxes and arrows

### Signals in a control system

Signals in continuous and discrete time

Dynamics in each component (box) of the block diagram ---> signals

Examples: discrete time process dynamics

### **Stability and stabilization**

Process dynamics could be stable or unstable

Different notions: stable (S), asymptotically stable (AS), globally asymptotically stable (GAS)

Engineering designs: deliberately unstable but closed loop stabilizable

Fixed points in discrete time dynamics and their stability



### **Process dynamics**

Oscillations in discrete time dynamics

Linear versus nonlinear dynamics in discrete time

Fixed points and stability in numerical algorithms

State space: ideas and examples

### **Control objectives and synthesis**

Controller is an algorithm

Regulation and tracking

Design/synthesis of linear feedback controller

MATLAB implementation



### **Controllability and standard state space form**

Definition

Examples

Checking controllability of discrete time linear control systems in MATLAB

Modeling control systems in standard state space form

### Uncertainties in control systems

Sources of uncertainties: initial conditions, parameters, process and measurement noise

Types of uncertainties

Deterministic uncertainties --> set-valued uncertainties

Probabilistic uncertainties ---> probability distributions

## **Estimation problem**

Estimate process states given noisy measurements + imperfects models

Filter = algorithm to solve the estimation problem (with optimality guarantees)

Many applications: tracking by radar

Many algorithms: Kalman filter, particle filter

Two steps: prediction (compute prior distribution), correction (compute posterior distribution)



## **Closing thoughts**

Control education and career





# All the best!